


# SOLO

The counterboring and spotfacing tool for any machine. Forwards and backwards. Interrupted cutting possible.

## The advantages – Your benefit



SOLO enables automatic spotfacing and counterboring on both the front and back of the bore without turning the workpiece.

Versatile use thanks to modular design: The control unit and shank are standard, while the blade housing, blade control and blade are customised to the customer's application.



The optimum processing result with maximum cost-effectiveness is guaranteed.



SOLO achieves maximum process reliability and performance thanks to its design optimised for the customer's specific application and its reliability-oriented, simple construction.

## THE RANGE



Bore Ø range mm	Counterbore Ø range mm	Workpiece material	Series
Ø6.0 - Ø25.0	≈ 1.9 x bore Ø	Aluminium	SOLO
Ø6.0 - Ø25.0	≈ 1.9 x bore Ø	Steel, titanium, Inconel	SOLO2
Ø25.0-Ø 45.0	≈ 1.9 x bore Ø		SOLO25

SOLO does not have a standardised product range. Each SOLO tool is designed specifically for the application as part of our **INDIVIDUAL** range, with one of the three control unit types being used in each case.

Is SOLO an option for you? **We would be happy to examine the feasibility** of SOLO in your application and give you a quote so that you can assess the economic viability. Please send us full application information.

### CHECKLIST FOR FEASIBILITY CHECK

- Bore Ø including tolerance
- Counterbore Ø or chamfer Ø with tolerance
- Bore depth
- Counterbore depth + form and position tolerances if necessary
- Chamfer angle with tolerance
- Workpiece 3D model (STEP, DXF)

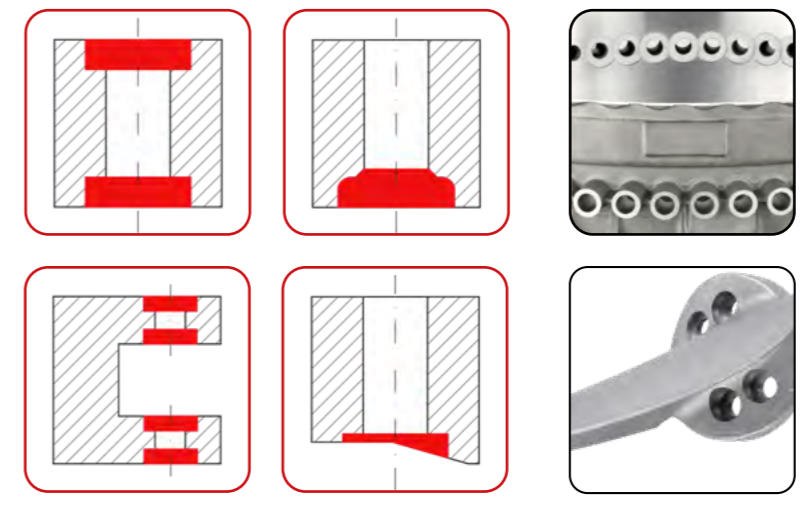
  

- Material
- Interfering edges / distances
- Machine (type, internal coolant, external coolant, compressed air)
- Shank type

- Production volume per year
- Batch size
- Current solution
- Special requirements

## FIELD OF APPLICATION



# OPERATING PRINCIPLE

Two versions of the SOLO have been developed to fulfil the requirements of different workpiece materials requiring different cutting speeds. These are SOLO and SOLO2. The two tool systems are visually identical, have however a distinct internal configuration difference.

Centrifugal force caused by rotation of the tool causes two guided weights inside the control unit to slide outwards. The linear motion of the sliding weights is converted into rotary motion with a rack and pinion systems. the pinion is mounted onto the end of the blade control shaft, which rotate as the weights slide back and forth. this rotary motion of the blade control shaft is utilised to either extend or retract the blade.

The distance travelled by the weights is exactly calculated to cause the blade control shaft to rotate by 180°. The centrifugal/outward movement of the weights therefore causes the blade to extend with the SOLO and to retract with the SOLO2.



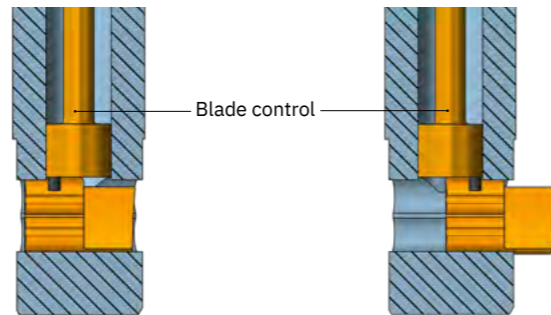
**SOLO – higher cutting speed requirements – the blade is retracted when the spindle is stopped.**

The blade is extended to working position when the spindle rotation speed exceeds 1900 rpm. The blade is retracted back into the blade housing by stopping the spindle.



**SOLO2 – lower cutting speed requirements – the blade is extended when the spindle is stopped.**

The blade remains in its extended working position up to a spindle speed of 1500 rpm. To retract the blade for entry into or exit from the bore, the spindle speed is increased to above 1900 rpm.



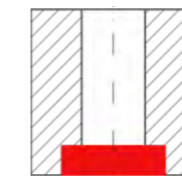
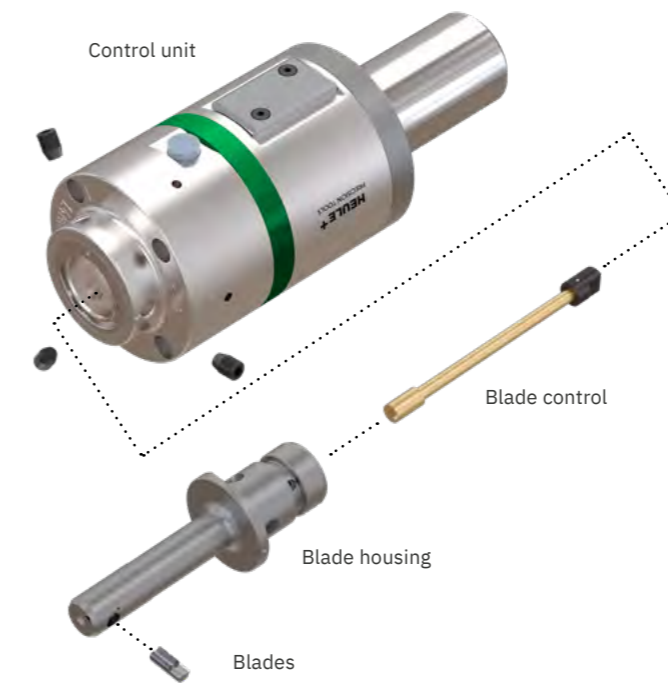
Blade housing with retracted blade

Blade housing with extended blade. The rotary motion of the pinion causes the blade control to extend or retract the blade.

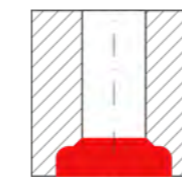
# OVERVIEW DISTINGUISHING FEATURES

	SOLO	SOLO2	SOLO25
Colour of centre ring	black	green	no colour
Blade position when spindle stops	retracted	extended	extended
Extension speed	1900 rpm	0 = spindle stop	0 = spindle stop
Retraction speed	0 = spindle stop	1900 rpm	2200 rpm
Machining speed	> 1900 rpm	0–1500 rpm	0–1500 rpm

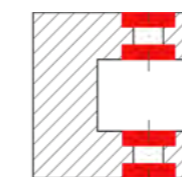
# TOOL DESIGN



Blade for back spotfacing



Blade for back counterboring



Bronze guide bushing



Blade holder with inserts for front and back spotfacing

SOLO is characterised by its simplicity and user-friendliness. The blade can be replaced in the machine by hand.

Resistant to dirt and chips: The radially extending and retracting blade is guided through the blade housing, ensuring high process reliability. This prevents chips from becoming trapped.

The components that are subject to wear are very easy to replace during routine maintenance.

## Blades

The design of the blade and the blade housing are customised for the specific application.

The use of bronze guide bushings is recommended for applications with high radial forces during machining, such as when cutting radiuses, chamfers, or when the cut is interrupted. Guide bushings can also be useful to reduce any marking on the surface of the bore caused by the blade housing, especially when machining softer materials.

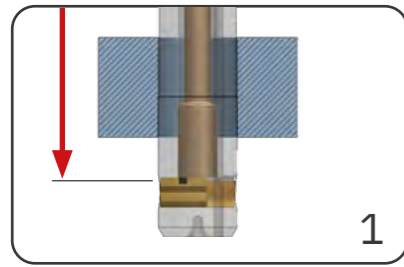
## Operating instructions

- > Blade change
- > Changing the control bolt
- > Maintenance manual

heule.com > Service > Media & download centre



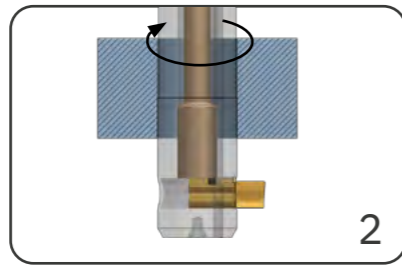
## SOLO PROCESS STEPS



- Spindle stop! Blade is retracted
- Rapid feed through the workpiece

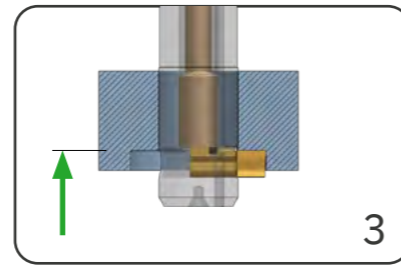
**Example** M5  
G0 Z-32.0<sup>1)</sup>

<sup>1)</sup> 32.0=30.0+2.0 (safety)



- Spindle rotation clockwise
- Spindle speed (>1900 rpm) – Blade extends
- Dwell time min. 1 sec.
- External/internal coolant on

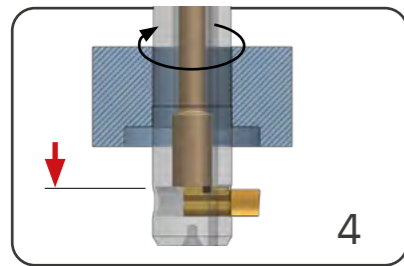
S2729 M3  
G4 X2  
M8 (M88)



- Working feed to counterbore depth

G1 Z-22.0<sup>2)</sup> F136

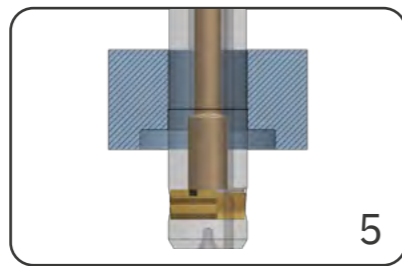
<sup>2)</sup> 22.0=30.0-8.0



- Rapid feed out of the workpiece
- External/internal coolant off

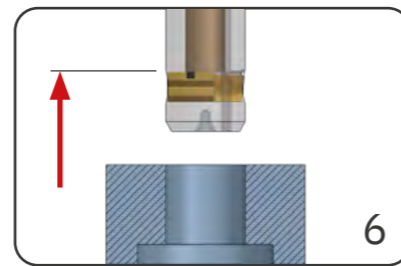
G0 Z-32.0<sup>3)</sup>  
M9 (M89)

<sup>3)</sup> 32.0=30.0+2.0 (safety)



- Spindle stop! Blade retracts
- Dwell time at least 1 sec.

M5  
G4 X2

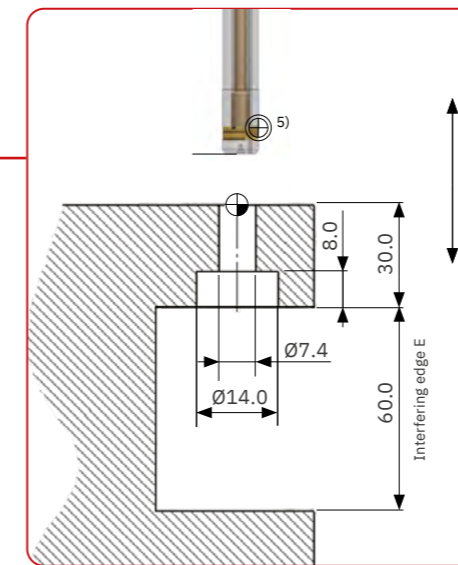


- Rapid feed out of the workpiece

G0 Z+13.3<sup>4)</sup>

<sup>4)</sup> 13.3=11.3+2.0 (safety)

## APPLICATION AND PROGRAMMING EXAMPLE



### Cylindrical counterbore on the back of the bore

#### Application data

Material: Aluminium  
Counterbore Ø: 14.0 mm  
Counterbore depth: 8.0 mm  
Bore Ø: 7.4 mm

#### Tool selection

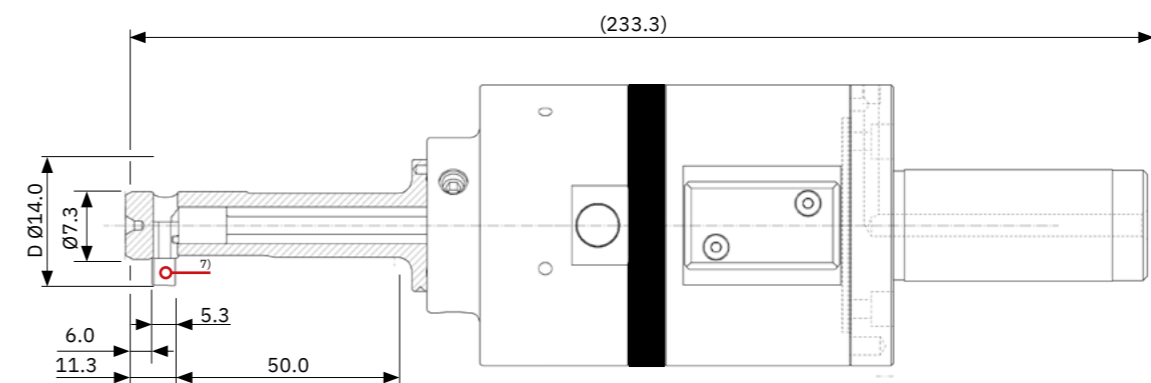
Tool: see below  
Blade: backward cutting only

#### Cutting data

Cutting speed  $V_c$ : 120 m/min.  
Tool working feed: 0.05 mm/rev

<sup>5)</sup> We recommend programming the zero point of the tool to the cutting edge of the blade.

## TOOL FOR APPLICATION <sup>6)</sup>



<sup>6)</sup> All SOLO tools are customised. The dimensions of this tool must not be used to program your own application. The applicable values can be found in your own tool drawing.

<sup>7)</sup> Attention: Blade position when spindle stops is RETRACTED. Minimum spindle speed for machining is >1900 rpm, as the activation speed is 1900 rpm.

## COUNTERBORING TOLERANCE

Bore Ø tolerance in mm	+0.1 0	+0.2 0
Counterbore Ø tolerance in mm	±0.2	±0.3



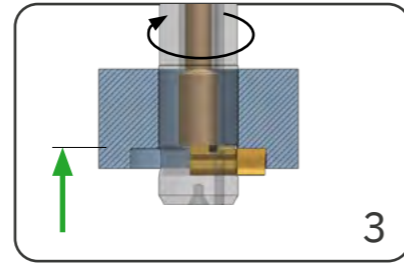
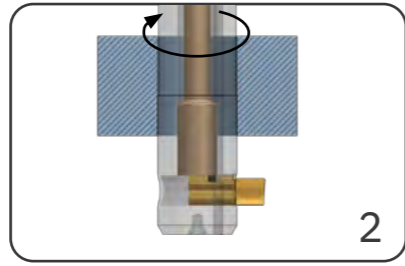
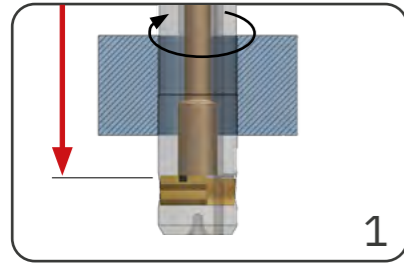
Please note the recommended value for the tolerance of the bore diameter. The larger the tolerance, the more the quality can be affected (damage to the bore, pressing, counterbore diameter becomes smaller).

### Note for commissioning the SOLO after extended idle period



A manual function check must be carried out after the tool has been idle for an extended period. Non-use can lead to the coolant and dirt drying out and the blade and blade control sticking together. This adhesive effect can lead to malfunction. To free them, the blade control and blade must be manipulated manually on the tool before it is put back into operation.

## PROCESS STEPS SOLO2 / SOLO25



- Activation speed (>1900 rpm)
  - Blade retracts
- Dwell time min. 1 sec.
- Rapid feed through the workpiece

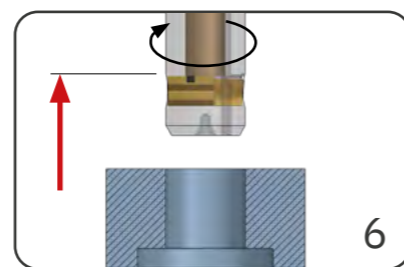
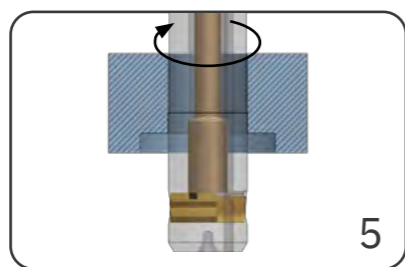
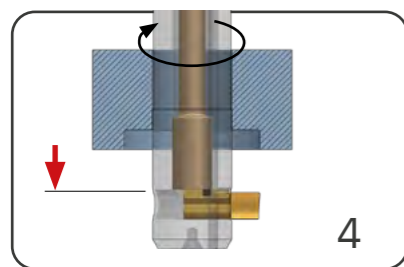
- Spindle stop! Blade extends
- Dwell time min. 1 sec.
- External/internal coolant on
- Spindle speed (max. 1500 rpm)

- Working feed to counterbore depth

**Example**  
S1900 M3  
G4 X2  
G0 Z-32.0<sup>1)</sup>  
<sup>1)</sup> 32.0=30.0+2.0 (safety)

M5 G4 X2  
M8 (M88)  
S227 M3

G1 Z-22.0<sup>2)</sup> F7  
<sup>2)</sup> 22.0=30.0-8.0



- Rapid feed out of the workpiece
- Spindle stop! Blade remains extended
- External/internal coolant off

- Activation speed (>1900 rpm)
  - Blade retracts
- Dwell time min. 1 sec.

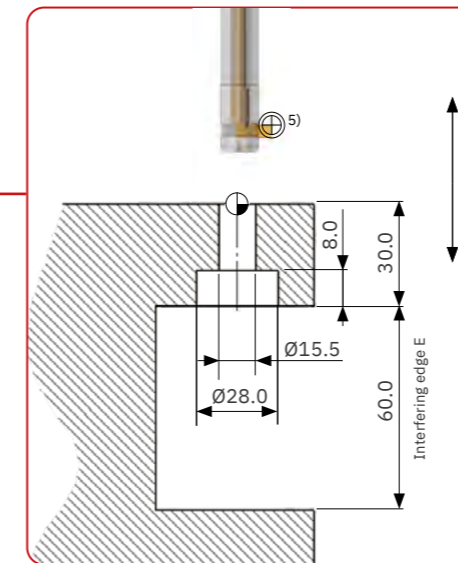
- Rapid feed out of the workpiece

G0 Z-32.0<sup>3)</sup>  
M5  
M9 (M89)  
<sup>3)</sup> 32.0=30.0+2.0 (safety)

S1900 M3  
G4 X2

G0 Z+13.3<sup>4)</sup>  
<sup>4)</sup> 13.3=11.3+2.0 (safety)

## APPLICATION AND PROGRAMMING EXAMPLE



### Cylindrical counterbore on the back of the bore

#### Application data

Material: X5CrNi1810  
Counterbore diameter: 28.0 mm  
Counterbore depth: 8.0 mm  
Bore diameter: 15.5 mm

#### Tool and blade selection

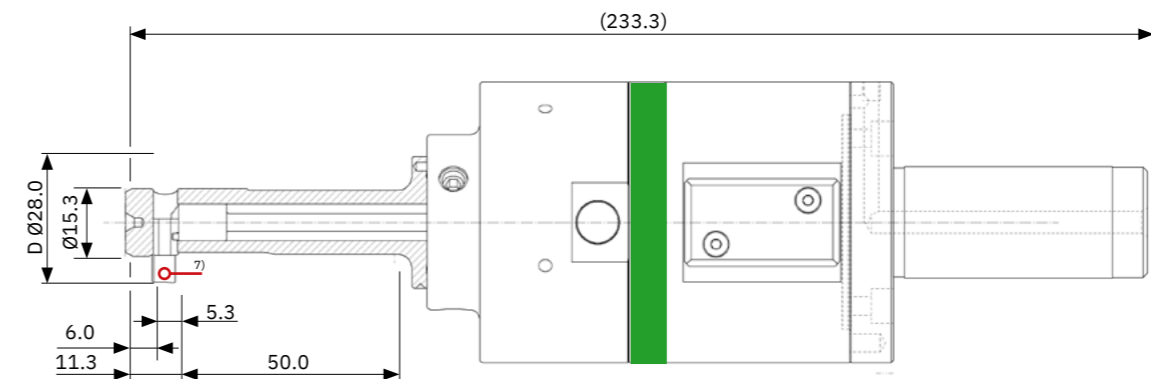
Tool: see below  
Blade: backward cutting only

#### Cutting data

Cutting speed  $V_c$ : 20 m/min.  
Tool working feed: 0.03 mm/rev

<sup>5)</sup> We recommend programming the zero point of the tool to the cutting edge of the blade.

## TOOL FOR APPLICATION <sup>6)</sup>



<sup>6)</sup> All SOLO tools are customised. The dimensions of this tool must not be used to program your own application. The applicable values can only be found in your own tool drawing.

<sup>7)</sup> Blade EXTENDED at standstill. Max. spindle speed 1500 rpm, as the activation speed is 1900 rpm.

## COUNTERBORING TOLERANCE

Bore Ø tolerance in mm	+0.1 0	+0.2 0
Counterbore Ø tolerance in mm	±0.2	±0.3



### Note for commissioning the SOLO after extended idle period

A manual function check must be carried out after the tool has been idle for an extended period. Non-use can lead to the coolant and dirt drying out and the blade and blade control sticking together. This adhesive effect can lead to malfunction. To free them, the blade control and blade must be manipulated manually on the tool before it is put back into operation.



Please note the recommended value for the tolerance of the bore diameter. The larger the tolerance, the more the quality can be affected (damage to the bore, pressing, counterbore diameter becomes smaller).

## CUTTING DATA SOLO / SOLO2 / SOLO25

	Description	Tensile str. RM (MPa)*	Hardness (HB)	Hardn. (HRC)	Cutting speed (FZ)	Working feed (VC)
P0	Low-carbon steel, long-chipping, C <0.25%	<530	<125	–	50–90	0.03–0.1
P1	Low-carbon steel, short-chipping, C <0.25%	<530	<125	–	50–90	0.03–0.1
P2	Steel with carbon content C >0.25%	>530	<220	<25	50–90	0.03–0.1
P3	Alloy steel and tool steel, C >0.25%	600–850	<330	<35	50–90	0.03–0.08
P4	Alloy steel and tool steel, C >0.25%	850–1400	340–450	35–48	30–50	0.02–0.05
P5	Ferritic, martensitic and stainless PH steel	600–900	<330	<35	40–80	0.03–0.08
P6	High-strength ferritic, martensitic and PH stainless steel	900–1350	350–450	35–48	30–50	0.02–0.05
M1	Austenitic stainless steel	<600	130–200	–	30–50	0.03–0.08
M2	High-strength austenitic stainless steel	600–800	150–230	<25	15–25	0.02–0.05
M3	Duplex stainless steel	<800	135–275	<30	30–50	0.02–0.05
K1	Cast iron	125–500	120–290	<32	50–110	0.03–0.1
K2	Ductile cast iron with up to medium strength	<600	130–260	<28	50–90	0.03–0.08
K3	High-strength cast iron and bainitic cast iron	>600	180–350	<43	50–90	0.03–0.08
N1	Wrought aluminium alloys	–	–	–	100–200	0.03–0.12
N2	Aluminium alloys with low Si content	–	–	–	100–200	0.03–0.12
N3	Aluminium alloys with high Si content	–	–	–	100–200	0.03–0.12
N4	Copper, brass and zinc base	–	–	–	50–90	0.03–0.08
S1	Iron-based heat-resistant alloys	500–1200	160–260	25–48	15–25	0.02–0.05
S2	Cobalt-based heat-resistant alloys	1000–1450	250–450	25–48	15–25	0.02–0.05
S3	Nickel-based heat-resistant alloys	600–1700	160–450	<48	15–25	0.02–0.05
S4	Titanium and titanium alloys	900–1600	300–400	33–48	15–25	0.02–0.05



The cutting data listed are guide values! They depend on the amount of slope of the uneven surface. (e.g. high slope > low cutting value).  
For materials that are difficult to machine, we recommend applying cutting speeds that are at the lower end of the range.

## MAINTENANCE INTERVAL / SERVICES

### Periodic maintenance interval after 18 months or 200,000 cycles

HEULE Werkzeug AG offers technical support and services for all products.

Any service or maintenance which requires the removal of sealed screws may only be carried out by personnel certified or authorised by HEULE Werkzeug AG.

Professional maintenance and timely service cycles guarantee process reliability.

## MANDATORY MAINTENANCE / SAFETY

Maintenance is mandatory once the maintenance interval has been reached. In addition to the work that must be carried out by persons authorised by HEULE, the following three processes can be carried out independently by the customer:

**IMPORTANT:** The control unit may only be opened by certified and authorised personnel. HEULE Werkzeug AG accepts no liability if it has been opened by unauthorised persons.

- Blade change
- Replacing the blade control
- Replacing the blade housing



### SAFETY NOTE

If these guidelines are not adhered to, there is **considerable risk of injury** during operation of the tool.