SNAP18 MODULE CUTTING DATA

| | Description | Tensile str. RM (MPa) | Hardness (HB) | Hardn. (HRC) | Cutting data ¹⁾ | | |
|----|--|--------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | VC | FZ | B * |
| P0 | Low-carbon steel, long-chipping, C <0.25% | <530 | <125 | - | 40-60 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| P1 | Low-carbon steel, short-chipping, C <0.25% | <530 | <125 | - | 40-60 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| P2 | Steel with carbon content C >0.25% | >530 | <220 | <25 | 40-60 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| P3 | Alloy steel and tool steel, C >0.25% | 600-850 | <330 | <35 | 30-50 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| P4 | Alloy steel and tool steel, C >0.25% | 850-1400 | 340-450 | 35–48 | 30-50 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| P5 | Ferritic, martensitic and stainless PH steel | 600-900 | <330 | <35 | 20–40 | 0.05-0.08 | A |
| P6 | High-strength ferritic, martensitic and PH stainless steel | 900–1350 | 350–450 | 35–48 | 2040 | 0.05-0.08 | A |
| M1 | Austenitic stainless steel | <600 | 130-200 | - | 10-20 | 0.05-0.08 | A |
| M2 | High-strength austenitic stainless steel | 600-800 | 150-230 | <25 | 10-20 | 0.05-0.08 | A |
| M3 | Duplex stainless steel | <800 | 135–275 | <30 | 10-20 | 0.05-0.08 | A |
| K1 | Cast iron | 125-500 | 120-290 | <32 | 50-90 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| K2 | Ductile cast iron with up to medium strength | <600 | 130-260 | <28 | 40-60 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| К3 | High-strength cast iron and bainitic cast iron | >600 | 180–350 | <43 | 40-60 | 0.05-0.1 | A |
| N1 | Wrought aluminium alloys | - | - | - | 70–120 | 0.05-0.2 | D |
| N2 | Aluminium alloys with low Si content | - | - | - | 70–120 | 0.05-0.2 | D |
| N3 | Aluminium alloys with high Si content | - | - | - | 70–120 | 0.05-0.2 | D |
| N4 | Copper, brass and zinc base | - | - | - | 30–70 | 0.05-0.15 | D |
| S1 | Iron-based heat-resistant alloys | 500-1200 | 160–260 | 25–48 | 8–15 | 0.02-0.06 | A |
| S2 | Cobalt-based heat-resistant alloys | 1000–1450 | 250-450 | 25–48 | 8-15 | 0.02-0.06 | A |
| S3 | Nickel-based heat-resistant alloys | 600-1700 | 160-450 | <48 | 8-15 | 0.02-0.06 | A |
| S4 | Titanium and titanium alloys | 900–1600 | 300-400 | 33–48 | 8–15 | 0.02-0.06 | A |

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1)}$ Higher cutting feed rates can be achieved by installing two or more modules.



The cutting values for drilling are generally higher than those for chamfering. With the installation of at least two SNAP 18 Modules, the chamfering performance can be optimised to such an extent that little or no compromise needs to be made in terms of processing speed.